

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

1-111. (cancelled)

112. (new) A device for transport of liquid developer to an image carrier element for electrophoretic digital printing, comprising:

5 a developer unit arranged adjacent to the image carrier element, the developer unit directing a liquid developer comprising toner particles to the image carrier element, the toner particles crossing over to the image carrier element corresponding to previously-generated potential images;

10 a raster unit arranged adjacent to the developer unit, the raster unit transporting the liquid developer to the developer unit by use of a raster;

an electrical voltage applied between the raster unit and the developer unit in order to exert a targeted field effect on the toner particles in a direction towards the developer unit;

15 a chamber scraper comprising a dosing scraper arranged adjacent to the raster unit and having said liquid developer comprising said toner particles which are already charged, and from the chamber scraper the raster unit accepting the liquid developer via the dosing scraper; and

the chamber scraper being arranged and operable such that the dosing scraper is washed over by said liquid developer.

20 113. (new) A device according to claim 112 wherein the chamber scraper is arranged relative to the raster unit such that the dosing scraper is washed over by said liquid developer due to gravity.

25 114. (new) A device according to claim 112 wherein the liquid developer in the chamber scraper is exposed to an over-pressure such that the dosing scraper is washed over by said liquid developer.

115. (new) A device according to claim 112 wherein a cleaning device is arranged adjacent to the developer unit for removal from the developer unit of the liquid developer comprising an inverse residual image, said cleaning device accepting the residual image.

5 116. (new) A device according to claim 115 wherein the cleaning device comprises a cleaning roller.

117. (new) A device according to claim 116 wherein the liquid developer is stripped from the cleaning roller by a cleaning element.

10 118. (new) A device according to claim 112 wherein the developer unit comprises a raster roller.

119. (new) A device according to claim 112 wherein the raster unit comprises a raster roller.

15 120. (new) A device according to claim 119 wherein a quantity of the liquid developer transported by the raster roller is established by said raster of the raster roller.

121. (new) A device according to claim 119 wherein the developer roller, the raster roller, and a cleaning roller rotate with constant speed ratios.

122. (new) A device according to claim 121 wherein the developer roller, raster roller, and cleaning roller rotate in a ratio of 1:1:1.

20 123. (new) A device according to claim 118 wherein movement directions of surfaces of the developer roller and the image carrier element are in a same direction or in opposing directions.

124. (new) A device according to claim 119 wherein the developer roller and the raster roller rotate in a same direction or in opposing directions.

125. (new) A device according to claim 118 wherein the developer roller and a cleaning roller rotate in a same direction or in opposing directions.

126. (new) A device according to claim 118 wherein an electrical potential for targeted field effect on the charged toner particles is respectively 5 applied on the developer roller and the image carrier element.

127. (new) A device according to claim 118 wherein an electrical potential for targeted field effect on the charged toner particles is applied on the developer roller and on a cleaning roller.

128. (new) A device according to claim 119 wherein the developer 10 roller comprises an elastic coating that is in contact with the image carrier element, with the raster roller and with a cleaning roller.

129. (new) A device according to claim 119 wherein in which the transport of the liquid developer by the raster roller is relative to an area and thus independent of a printing speed, such that a same quantity of liquid 15 developer per areal unit is always directed to the developer roller given different printing speeds.

130. (new) A device according to claim 129 wherein the raster roller exhibits a raster that enables the transport of a volume of liquid developer from 1 to 40 cm<sup>3</sup>/m<sup>2</sup>.

20 131. (new) A device according to claim 119 wherein a developer roller and the image carrier element or the developer roller and a cleaning roller or the developer roller and the raster roller are arranged relative to one another such that defined effective zones in which liquid developer migrates are provided.

25 132. (new) A device according to claim 131 wherein the effective zones are formed via a defined deformation of the elastic coating of the

developer roller via elastic force delivery to the adjacent image carrier element, cleaning roller, and raster roller.

133. (new) A device according to claim 131 wherein an incompressible layer of the liquid developer establishes a separation between 5 developer roller and image carrier element, or developer roller and cleaning roller, or developer roller and the raster roller.

134. (new) A device according to claim 119 wherein the chamber scraper comprises a chamber situated on a circumferential surface of the raster roller, a closing scraper at an entrance of the chamber as viewed in a 10 rotation direction of the raster roller and said dosing scraper at an exit of the chamber as viewed in the rotation direction of the raster roller sealing the chamber by providing seals laterally situated on an edge of the raster roller.

135. (new) A device according to claim 134 wherein a feed of the liquid developer into the chamber occurs via one or more inlet openings.

15 136. (new) A device according to claim 134 wherein removal of the liquid developer from the chamber occurs via outlet openings.

137. (new) A device according to claim 136 wherein the inlet or outlet openings are exchangeable depending on an installation position relative to the raster roller.

20 138. (new) A device according to claim 134 wherein an angular position of the chamber scraper relative to the raster roller is limited in that the dosing scraper is located below a surface of the liquid developer in the chamber.

25 139. (new) A device according to claim 134 wherein a processing of a higher-viscosity liquid developer is made easier via generation of a slight over-pressure in the chamber.

140. (new) A device according to claim 134 wherein an installation position of the chamber scraper on the raster roller is variable.

141. (new) A device according to claim 134 wherein an installation position of a cleaning device on the developer roller is variable.

5 142. (new) An electrophoretic printing device, comprising:

at least one developer station for development of potential images on the image carrier element, said developer station comprising

10 a developer unit arranged adjacent to the image carrier element, the developer unit directing a liquid developer comprising toner particles to the image carrier element, the toner particles crossing over to the image carrier element corresponding to previously-generated potential images;

a raster unit arranged adjacent to the developer unit;

15 the raster unit transporting the liquid developer to the developer unit by use of a raster;

an electrical voltage applied between the raster unit and the developer unit in order to exert a targeted field effect on the toner particles in a direction towards the developer unit;

20 a chamber scraper comprising a dosing scraper arranged adjacent to the raster unit and having said liquid developer comprising said toner particles which are already charged, and from the chamber scraper the raster unit accepting the liquid developer via the dosing scraper; and

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the chamber scraper being arranged and operable such that the dosing scraper is washed over by said liquid developer.

143. (new) An electrophoretic printing device according to claim 142 wherein a developer roller, a raster roller, and a cleaning roller are arranged in  
5 the developer station at a constant angle relative to one another such that an arrangement of developer stations around the image carrier element at various angular positions is possible without changing an association of the developer roller raster roller and the cleaning roller relative to one another.

144. (new) An electrophoretic printing device according to claim 143  
10 wherein

printing modules respectively made up of a developer station and the image carrier element are provided,

a developer roller, a raster roller, and a cleaning roller are arranged in the developer station at a constant angle relative to one another,

15 the printing modules are arranged at various angular positions along a deflected recording medium, wherein an arrangement of the chamber scraper, the raster roller and the developer roller relative to one another is maintained in the respective developer station, and

20 a transfer roller arranged in the printing module between the image carrier element and the recording medium.

145. (new) An electrophoretic printing device according to claim 143 wherein the angular position of the developer stations relative to the image carrier element or of printing modules relative to a recording medium can additionally be expanded by a variable angular position of a chamber scraper  
25 on the raster roller.

146. (new) An electrophoretic printing device according to claim 142 wherein a plurality of developer stations are arranged in a digital color printing device.

147. (new) An electrophoretic printing device according to claim 142  
5 wherein identically designed developer stations are used for different developer fluids.

148. (new) A method for transport of liquid developer to an image carrier element in electrophoretic digital printing, comprising the steps of:

10 providing a developer unit adjacent to the image carrier element, and providing a raster unit having a raster adjacent to the developer unit;

15 providing a chamber scraper comprising a dosing scraper arranged adjacent to the raster unit, the chamber scraper having said liquid developer comprising toner particles which are already charged, and arranging the chamber scraper so that the dosing scraper is washed over by said liquid developer;

applying an electrical voltage between the raster unit and the developer unit in order to exert a targeted field effect on the toner particles of the liquid developer in a direction towards the developer unit;

20 with the chamber scraper, delivering to the raster unit the liquid developer via the dosing scraper; and

25 with the raster of the raster unit, transporting the liquid developer to the developer unit, and with the developer unit, directing the liquid developer with the toner particles to the image carrier element, the toner particles from the developer unit crossing over to the image carrier element corresponding to previously-generated potential images.

149. (new) A device for transport of liquid developer to an image carrier element for electrophoretic digital printing, comprising:

a developer unit arranged adjacent to the image carrier element, the developer unit directing a liquid developer comprising toner particles to the image carrier element, the toner particles crossing over to the image carrier element corresponding to previously-generated potential images;

5 a raster unit arranged adjacent to the developer unit, the raster unit transporting the liquid developer to the developer unit by use of a raster of depressions;

an electrical voltage applied between the raster unit and the developer unit in order to exert a targeted field effect on the toner particles in a direction  
10 towards the developer unit; and

a chamber with said liquid developer adjacent said raster unit, a dosing scraper of said chamber washed over by said liquid developer delivering said liquid developer to said raster unit.